



## CARB & CHOKE CLEANER

### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION 1-CHEMICAL PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<b>PRODUCT NAME:</b>	<b>CARB &amp; CHOKE CLEANER</b>
<b>CAS NUMBER:</b>	<b>MIXTURE</b>
<b>Description:</b>	<b>SOLVENT CLEANER</b>
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	<b>QUALITY AEROSOLS</b> 313 Bell Park Drive Woodstock, Georgia 30188
<b>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:</b> CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300	
General Assistance: 1-877-320-4747	

#### SECTION 2- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT(S)	CAS #	%by Weight
Solvent Naphtha	64742-89-8	2-12%
Methanol	67-56-1	<5%
Acetone	67-64-1	40-50%
Isoparaffin Solvent	68551-19-9	40-50%
Diacetone Alcohol	123-42-4	<5%
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	<5%

*8 for exposure limits and recommendations.*

#### SECTION 3- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

<p><b>Emergency Overview:</b> Product is extremely flammable. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. Contact may cause skin and eye irritation. Mist may cause nose and throat irritation. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, pain, upset stomach, and diarrhea.</p> <p><b>Potential health effects:</b> <b>Skin Contact:</b> This product may cause irritation to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact with this product may dry and/or defat the skin. This product may be harmful if it is absorbed through the skin. <b>Eye Contact:</b> Liquid or vapors may irritate the eyes. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Eye contact may lead to permanent damage if not treated promptly. <b>Ingestion:</b> This product is harmful if swallowed. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and diarrhea. <b>Target Organs:</b> Central Nervous System, lungs, skin, eyes.</p> <p><b>Inhalation:</b> This product may cause dizziness, nausea, upper respiratory irritation, drowsiness, mental depression or narcosis, difficulty in breathing, irregular heart beats. See Section 8 for recommended exposure limits.</p>
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## SECTION 4- FIRST AID MEASURES

**Skin:** For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention. **Eye:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open at all times. Get medical attention immediately. **Inhalation:** Move person to non-contaminated air. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. **Ingestion:** If the material is swallowed, get immediate medical attention or advice. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not give anything.

## SECTION 5- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers and to protect personnel. Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools this may results in frothing and increase fire intensity. **Basic Fire Fighting Procedures:** Dangerous when exposed to heat or flame. This material can be ignited by flame or spark under normal atmospheric condition. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash back. Pressurized Container: May explode when exposed to heat or flame. Empty containers may retain product residue including Flammable or Explosive vapors. DO NOT cut, drill, grind, or weld near full, partially full, or empty product containers. **Dust Explosion Hazard:** None known. **Sensitivity To Mechanical Impact:** Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors. **Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:** During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water. **Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions:** Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

**Flash Point: concentrate: 14-18C**

**propellant: -132.23F**

**Flammability limits in air: 7.0 upper % by volume concentrate**

**0.9 lower % by volume concentrate**

**9.5 upper % by volume propellant**

**1.8 lower % by volume propellant**

## SECTION 6- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Emergency Action:** Evacuate the area promptly and keep upwind of the spilled material. Isolate the spill area to prevent people from entering. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. **Containment:** Stop discharge if safe to do so. Stop material from contaminating soil or from entering sewers or water streams. Cover spills with non-flammable absorbent and place in closed chemical waste containers.

## SECTION 7- HANDLING & STORAGE

**Handling:** Keep this product away from heat, sparks or open flame. Avoid getting this material into contact with your skin and eyes. Avoid breathing mists or aerosols of this product. Use this product with adequate ventilation. Do not reuse the empty container. **Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight. Do not store above 120F (49 C). **Empty Container Precautions:** Attention! Follow label warnings even after container is emptied since empty containers may retain product residues. Do not reuse empty container.

## SECTION 8- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** Provide local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any vapors or mists generated from the handling of this product. **Eye Protection:** Wear goggles or safety glasses with side shields. **Skin and Body Protection:** Impervious gloves should be used when handling this product. Use of protective coveralls and long sleeves is recommended. **Respiratory Protection:** Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. High airborne concentrations may necessitate the use of self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). **General:** Use good hygiene practices in handling this material.

Exposure Limits: Component(s)	(PARTS PER MILLION)				SARA 313	Prop 65	VOC
	TLV	OSHA-PEL	OSHA-STEL				
Solvent Naphtha	300ppm	500ppm	400ppm				X
Methanol	200ppm		250ppm				X
Acetone	500ppm	1000ppm	750ppm				
Isoparaffin Solvent	1200 mg/m3						
Diacetone Alcohol	50ppm						X
Carbon Dioxide	5000ppm	5000ppm	30,000ppm				

Other raw material is considered trade secret.

## SECTION 9- PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Solids:</b> N/A	<b>Evaporation Rate:</b> 0.1 (butyl acetate=1)
<b>PH:</b> N/A	<b>Boiling Point:</b> 56.00C
<b>Specific Gravity:</b> 0.76	<b>Color:</b> Clear
<b>Physical State:</b> Liquid	<b>Odor:</b> Characteristic
<b>%VOC:</b> 9.4%	

## SECTION 10-STABILITY & REACTIVITY

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Condition to avoid: Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis. Stability: This product is stable under normal conditions.

## SECTION 11-TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Solvent Naphtha:** Oral LD50: >2000 mg/kg (rat)  
Inhalation LC50: >2000 mg/kg (rat)  
Dermal LD50: >5000 ppm/1H (rat)

**Methanol:** Oral LD50: 6.2 g/kg (rat)  
Inhalation LC50: >22500 ppm/8H (rat)  
Dermal LD50: 15.8 g/kg (rabbit)

**Acetone:** Oral LD50: 5,800 mg/kg (rat)  
Inhalation LC50: >16000 ppm/4H (rat)  
Dermal LD50: >20,000 mg/kg (rat)

**Isoparaffin Solvent:** Oral LD50: >5.0 mg/l (rat)  
Inhalation LC50: >5.3 mg/l (rat)  
Dermal LD50: >2.0 g/kg (rabbit)

**Diacetone Alcohol:** Oral LD50: 4000 mg/kg (rat)  
Inhalation LC50: 7.23ppm/8H (rat)  
Dermal LD50: >5000 mg/kg (rabbit)

**Carbon Dioxide:** IDLH: 40000ppm

## SECTION 12-ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available

### SECTION 13-DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

We make no guarantee of warranty of any kind that the use of and/or disposal of this product complies with all local, state, or federal laws. It is also the obligation of each user of the product mentioned herein to determine and comply with the requirements of all applicable statutes.  
**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations. Wastes must be tested using methods described in 40 CFR Part 261 to determine if it meets applicable definitions of hazardous wastes.

Ocean: UN 1950 Class 2.1 Aerosols, Limited Quantity  
  
Air: We do NOT recommend this product to be shipped via air. It would need to be repacked by an authorized packing company and the DG would have to be completed by a licensed hazardous material shipping company.

### SECTION 15- REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Solvent Naphtha:** TSCA Inventory  
SARA 311/312: Acute Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard  
**Methanol:** TSCA Inventory  
SARA 311/312: Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard  
**Acetone:** TSCA Inventory  
SARA 311/312: Acute Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard  
CERCLA: Acetone (67-64-1) 5000lbs.  
**Isoparaffin Solvent:** TSCA Inventory  
SARA 311/312: Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard  
**Diacetone Alcohol:** TSCA Inventory  
SARA 311/312: Acute Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard  
**Carbon Dioxide:** TSCA Inventory

<b>FLAMMABILITY</b>	<b>3</b>	convey shipped from the foreseeable
<b>REACTIVITY</b>	<b>0</b>	

exposure situations expected from the intended use of this product. The material(s) may present greater or lesser hazard under other circumstances that are beyond the control of the manufacturer. Therefore it is imperative that all direction and warnings on the label be read and understood.